



Automated Inventory of Pedestrian Crosswalks, Bike Lanes, and Medians from Mobile Lidar Data

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TAC: Rhonda Dodge, Lisa Letney, Ellen Currier, Chris Zeitner,
Kirk McEwen, Jennifer Lanzarotta, Nick Fortey (FHWA liaison)
Coordinator: Josh Roll



Northwest Transportation Conference
3/5/2024



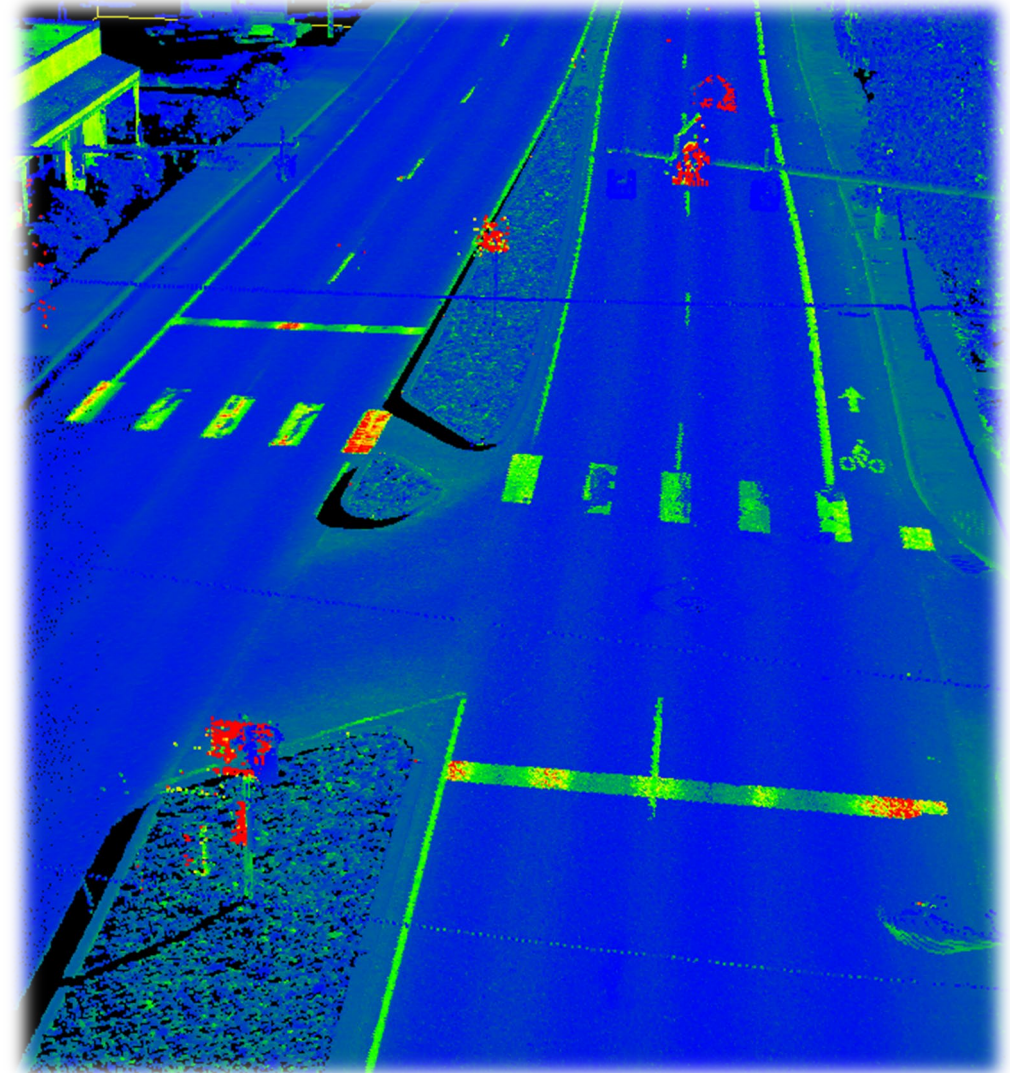
DISCLAIMER



Drs. Olsen and Che have financial interests in the company EzDataMD LLC, and commercialization of technology involving point cloud data processing. The conduct, outcomes, or reporting of this research could benefit EzDataMD LLC and could potentially benefit me.

Project Overview - Background

- Pedestrian crosswalks, bike lanes, and medians are important traffic devices for safety
- Currently, there is no comprehensive statewide map of the locations and types (e.g., midblock crossing) of these assets
- Such a map would be very useful for planning, maintenance, systematic safety studies, and many types of network analyses that are important to ODOT and its partner agencies at the local level.
- ODOT Geometronics collects 3D mobile lidar data on a two-year cycle, providing rich geometric and radiometric information of the entire road network

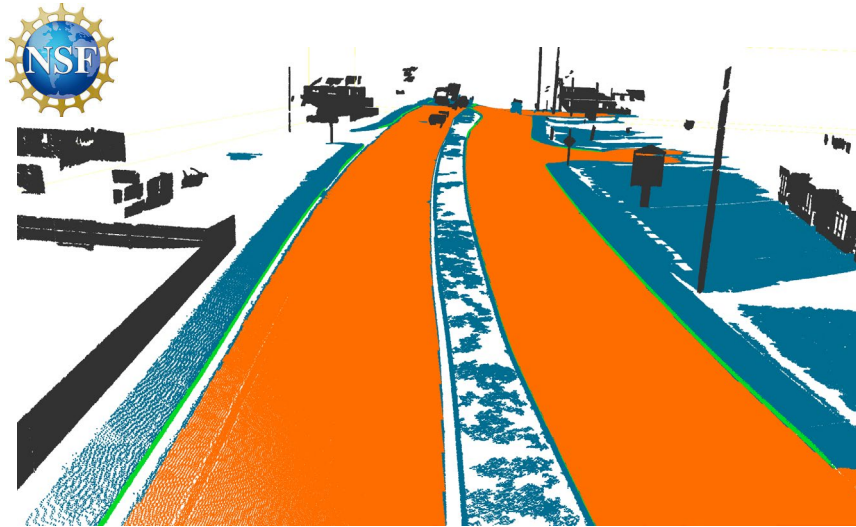


Lidar data color-ramped by intensity

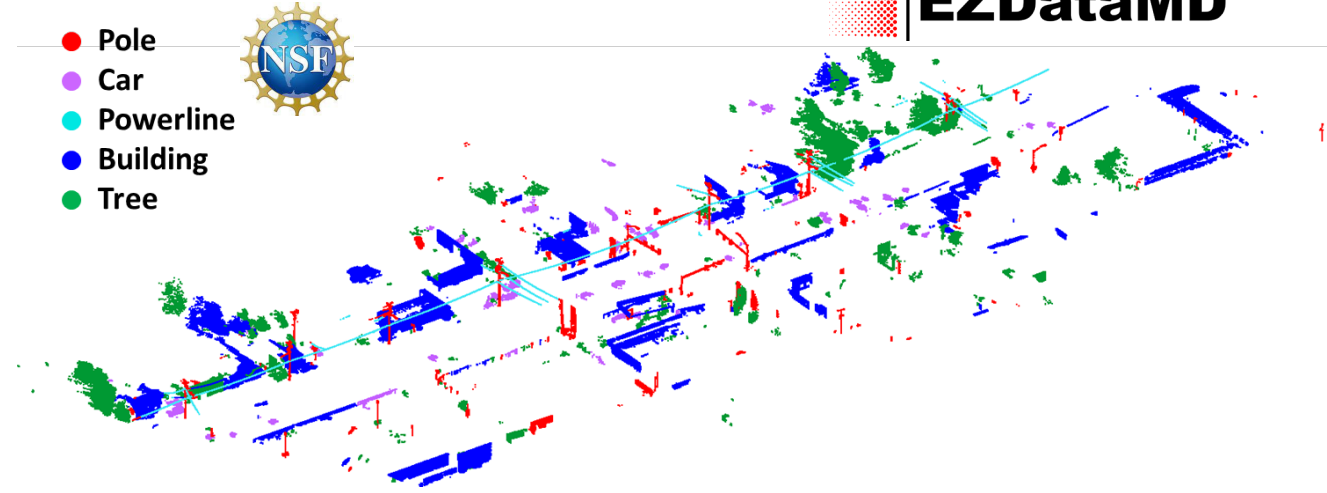
Project Overview - Objectives

- Investigate state-of-the-art **machine learning and object segmentation** algorithms for extraction of transportation assets from mobile lidar and photogrammetric data.
- Develop procedures for extracting **pedestrian crosswalks, bike lanes, and medians** from Oregon DOT's mobile lidar data.
- Test results for **several pilot corridors** identifying the locations of bike lanes, crosswalks, and medians to support decision making and integrate data analysis results into Oregon DOT's overall workflows.
- **Document benefits (e.g., time or cost savings, inventory completeness, and improved accuracy)** associated with the developed approaches compared with current processes.

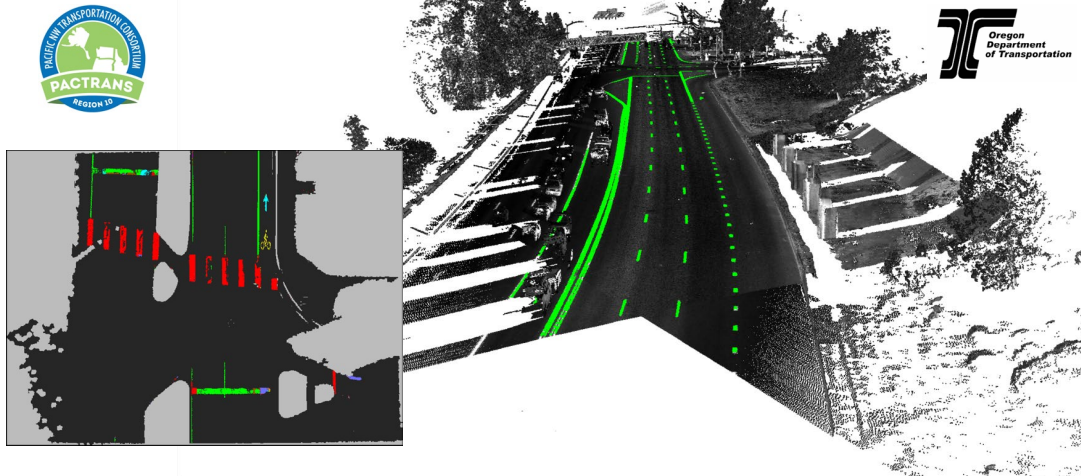
Previous work



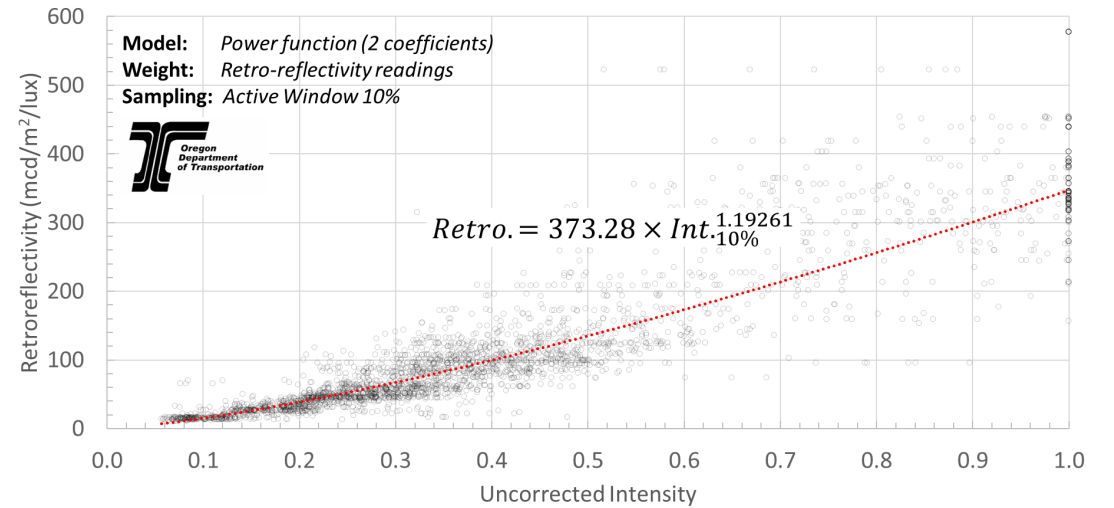
NSF Road and curb detection



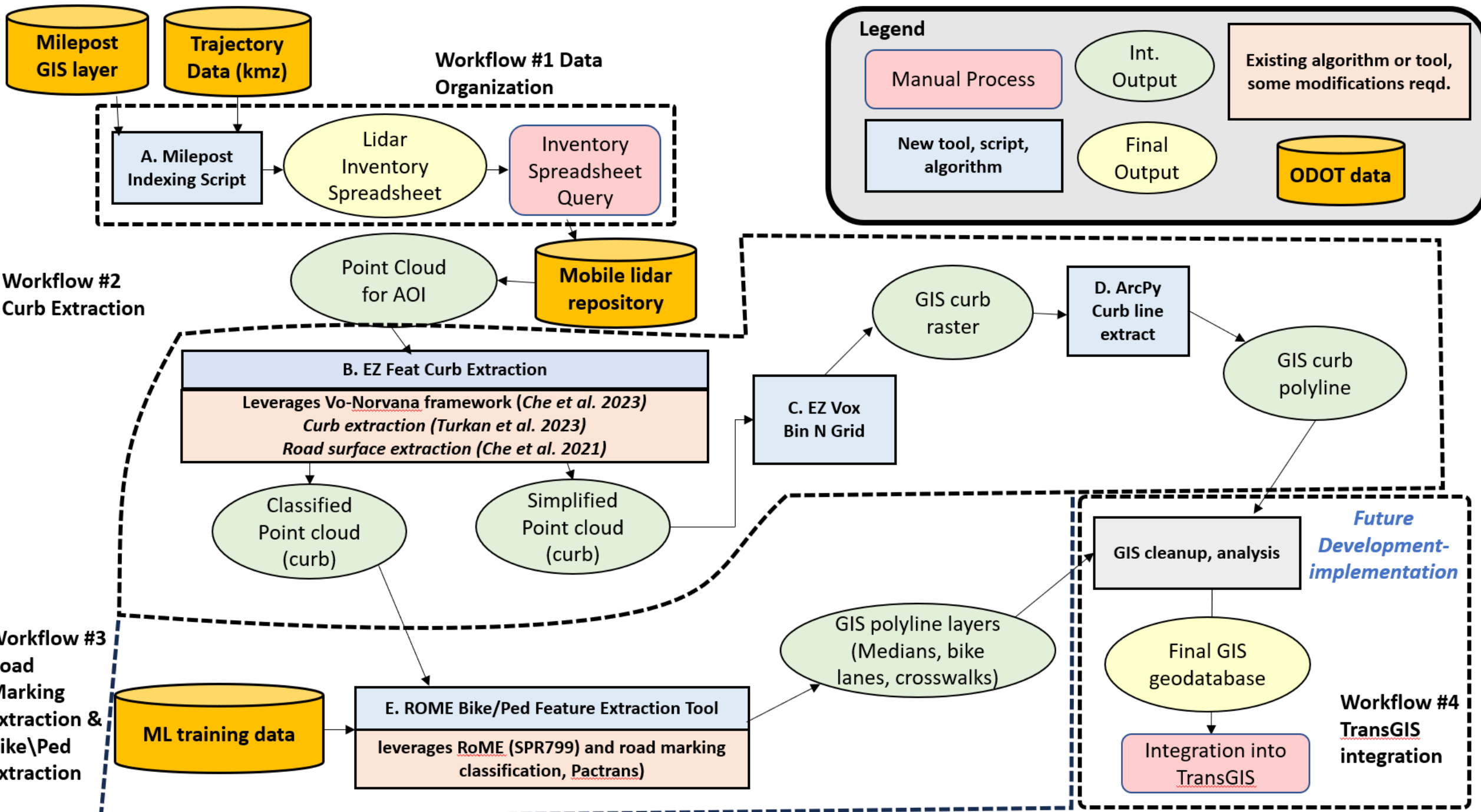
NSF urban object classification



ODOT / PacTrans ROME v1 and v2



ODOT Retroreflectivity evaluation



Data Labeling

- 5 sites selected to support the algorithm training and testing
- Started with larger area and narrow down to most relevant sections for data labeling

Site ID	Location	Setting	Highways	Approximate Length (Miles)	Social Equity Rating (ODOT, 2022)
1	Downtown Salem (Figure 3.2)	Urban	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HWY 221 (MP16–21), • HWY 99EB (MP0-8.5) 	13.5	Medium-high /high disparity
2	Tigard and King City (Figure 3.3)	Busy Suburban	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HWY 99W (MP8–13) • HWY 141 (MP2–7) 	10.0	Medium-high /high disparity
3	Hillsborough (Figure 3.4)	Less dense suburban with some near rural	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HWY 029 (MP 0–18) • HWY 102 (MP 88–91) 	21.0	High disparity
4	Albany (Figure 3.5)	Moderate size city	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HWY 99E (MP0–8) 	8.0	Medium-high /high disparity
5	Newport (Figure 3.5)	Small Coastal Community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HWY 101 (MP 134-140) 	6.0	Medium-high /high disparity

Features

Crosswalk

Standard parallel



- Deep learning
- Angle constraint
- (104)

Staggered continental



- Deep learning
- (14)

Ladder



- Deep learning
- Angle constraint
- Size
- (9)

High-priority features

Low-priority features

Bikelane

Bike symbol



- Deep learning
- (91)

Shoulder



- Lane marking + curb extraction
- (N/A)

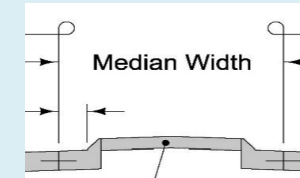
Buffered



- Deep learning
- Distinguish from painted median
- (0)

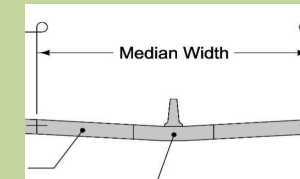
Median

Raised



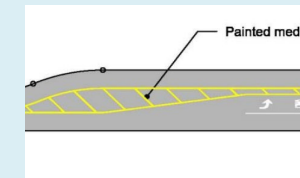
- Curb extraction
- (29)

Closed



- Norvana segmentation
- (0)

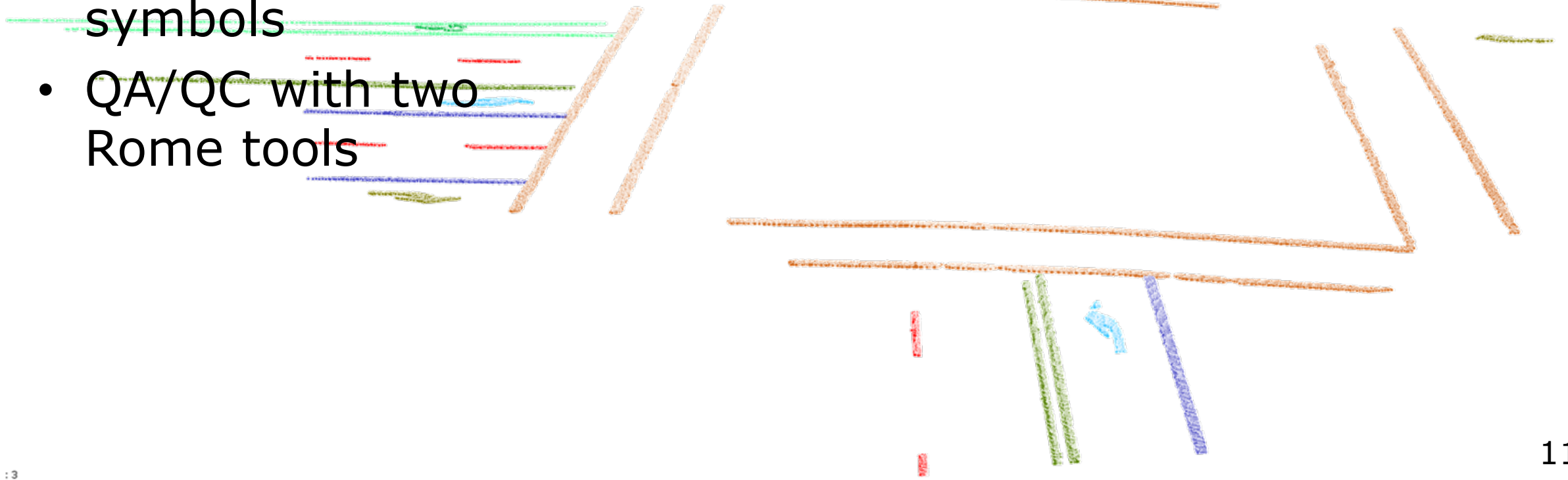
Painted



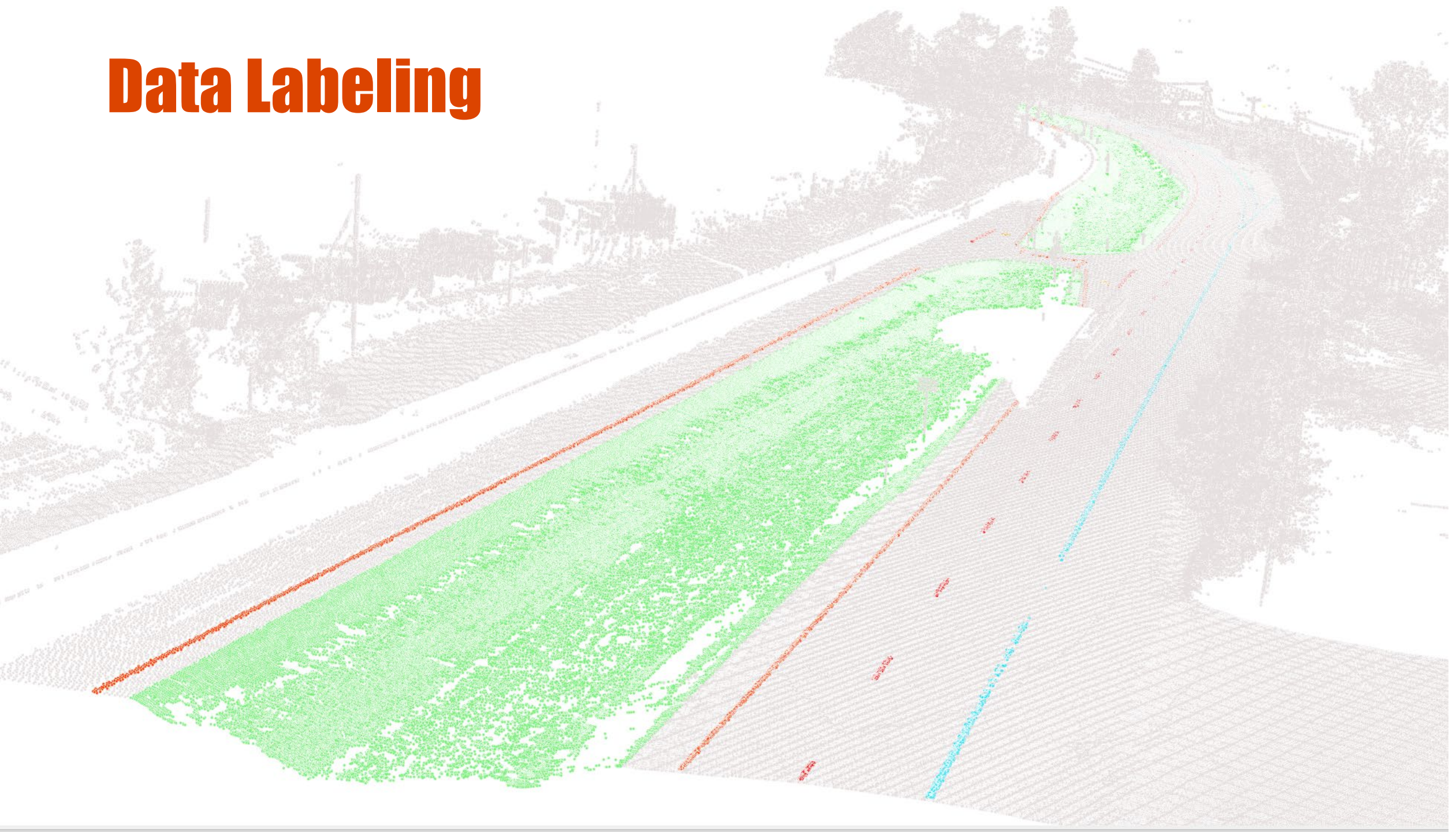
- Deep learning
- Distinguish from Buffered bikeline markings
- (14)

Data Labeling

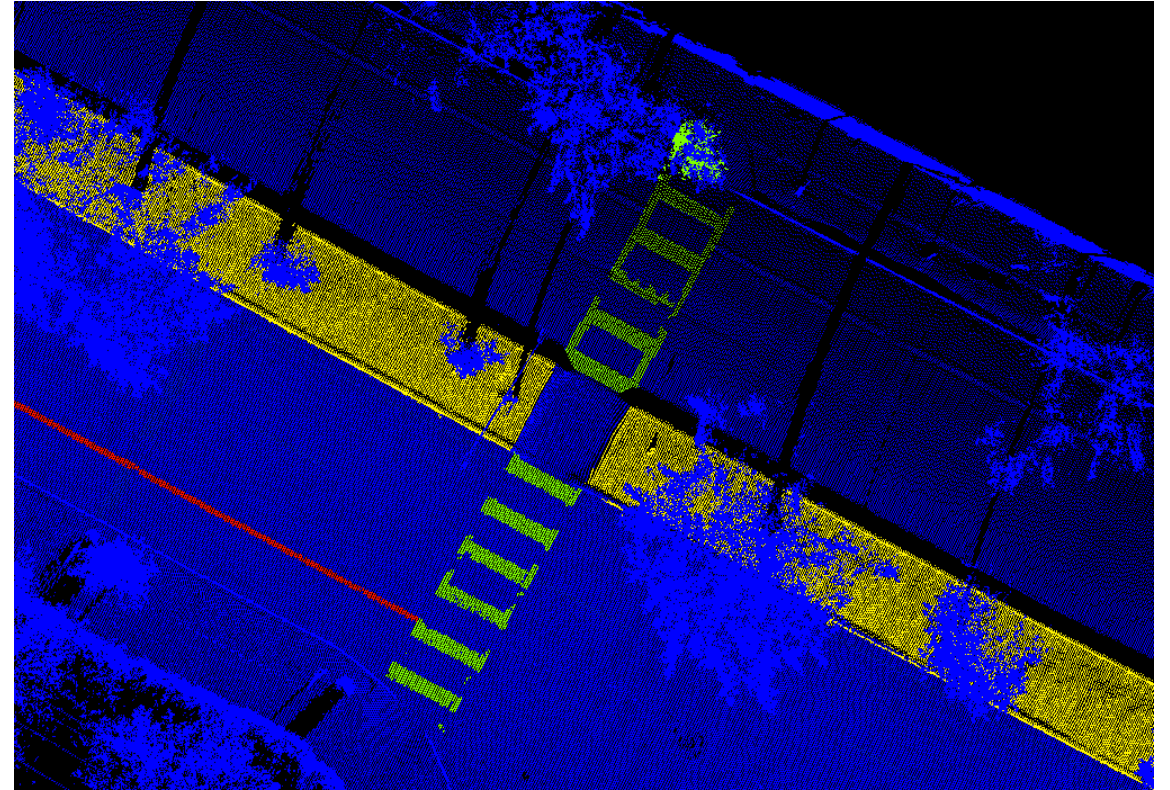
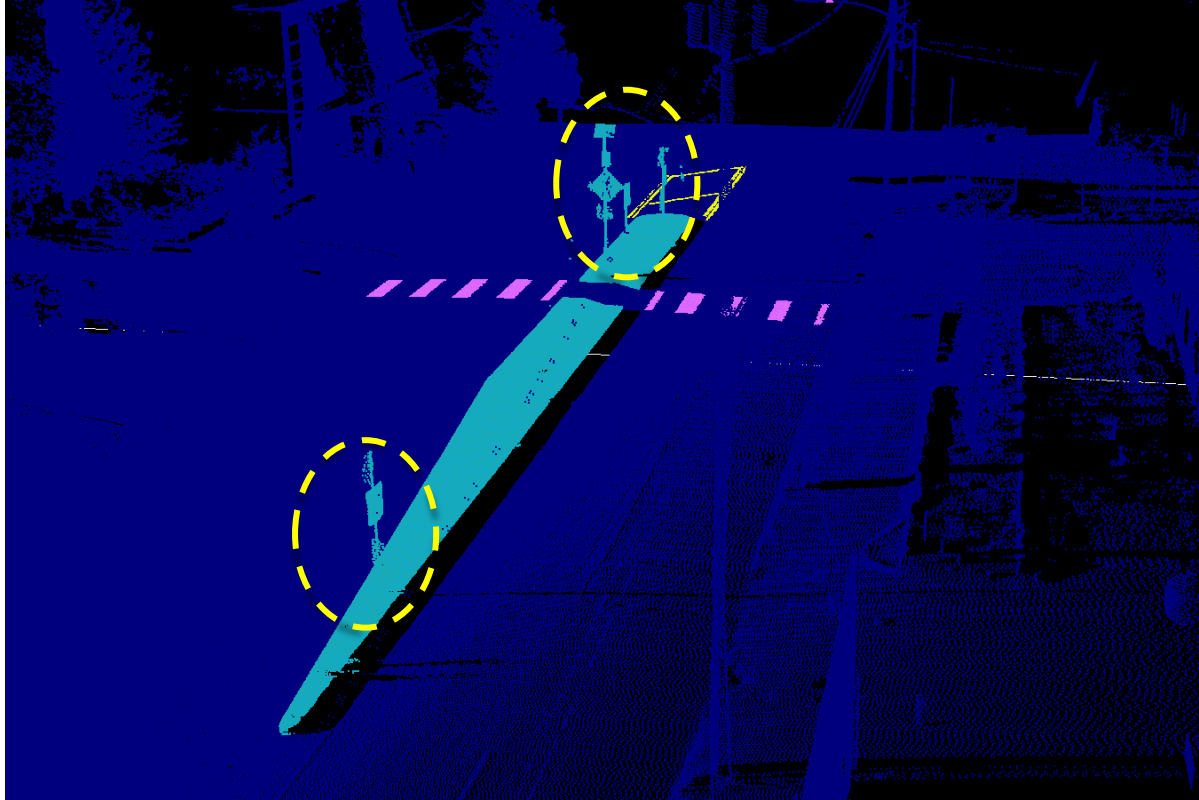
- 33 datasets labeled from various highway sections
- Medians, crosswalks, road marking symbols
- QA/QC with two Rome tools



Data Labeling



Data Labeling



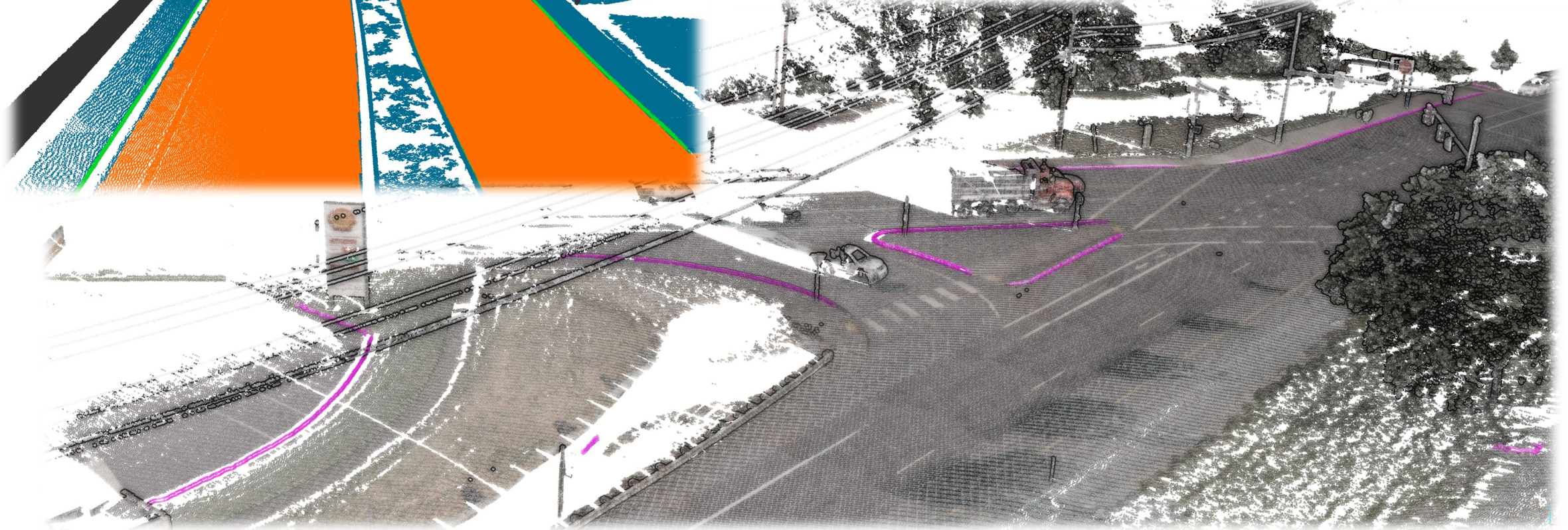
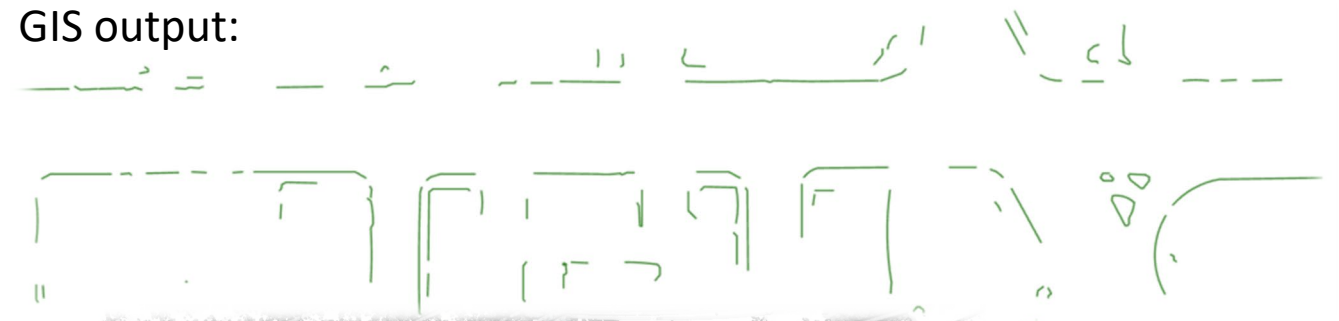
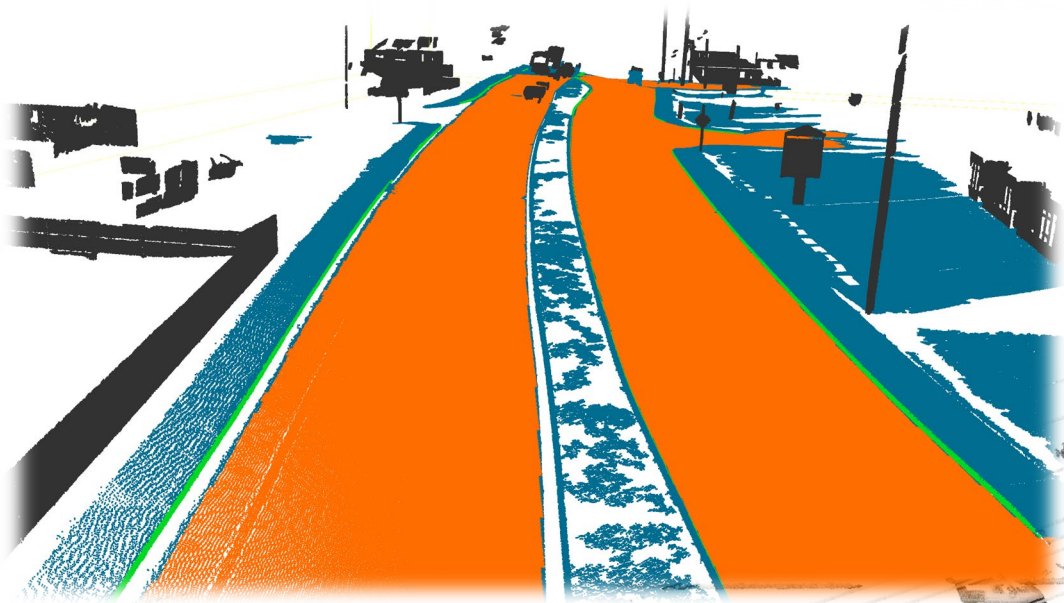
- Fixed issues of labeling done in plan view resulting in signs labeled as medians.
- Added additional datasets to improve samples of objects such as ladder cross walks.

B-D. Road Surface and Curb Extraction

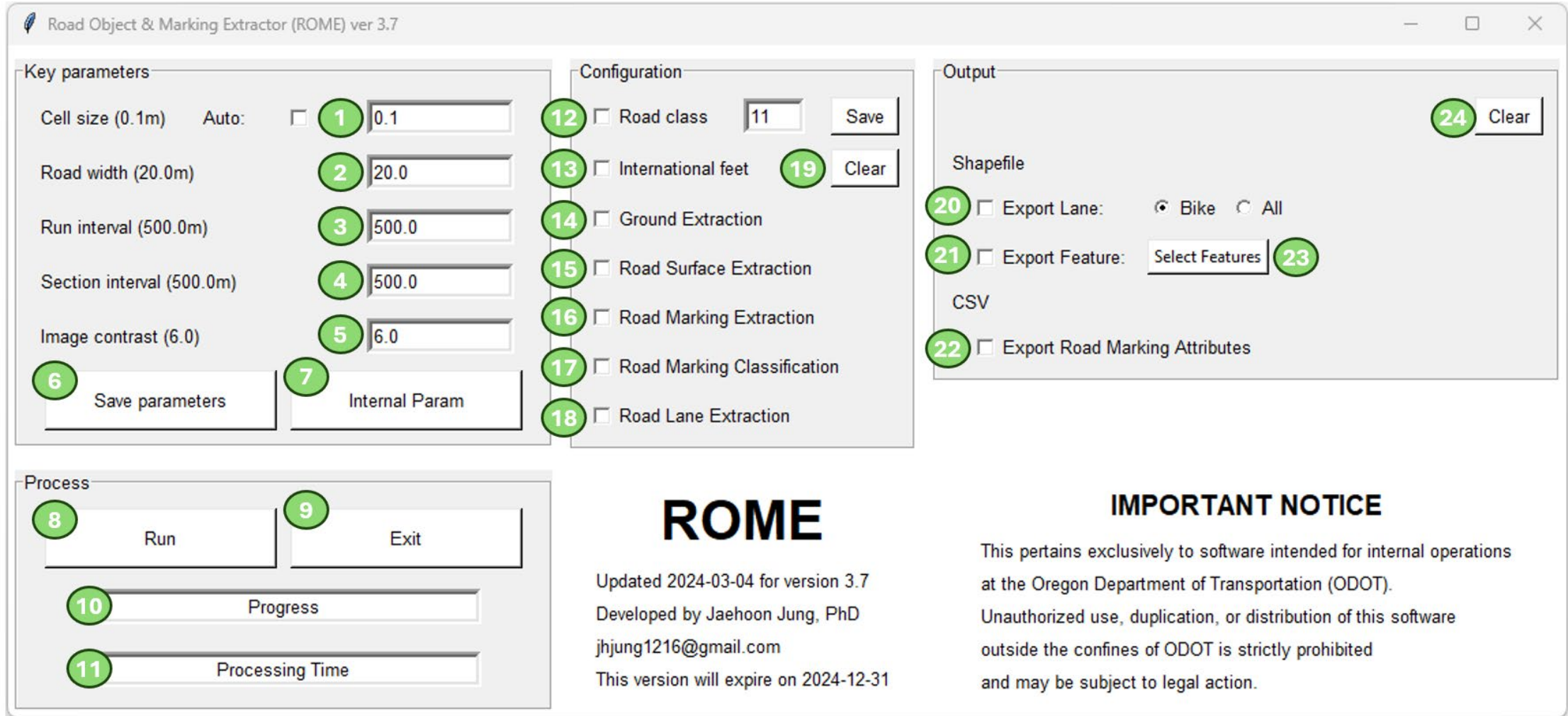


Oregon State University
College of Engineering

GIS output:



E. Feature Extraction- Road Markings



Road Object & Marking Extractor (ROME) ver 3.7

Key parameters

- Cell size (0.1m) Auto: 1
- Road width (20.0m) 2
- Run interval (500.0m) 3
- Section interval (500.0m) 4
- Image contrast (6.0) 5
- 6 Save parameters
- 7 Internal Param

Configuration

- 12 Road class Save
- 13 International feet 19 Clear
- 14 Ground Extraction
- 15 Road Surface Extraction
- 16 Road Marking Extraction
- 17 Road Marking Classification
- 18 Road Lane Extraction

Output

- 24 Clear
- Shapefile
- 20 Export Lane: Bike All
- 21 Export Feature: 23
- CSV
- 22 Export Road Marking Attributes

Process

- 8 Run
- 9 Exit
- 10 Progress
- 11 Processing Time

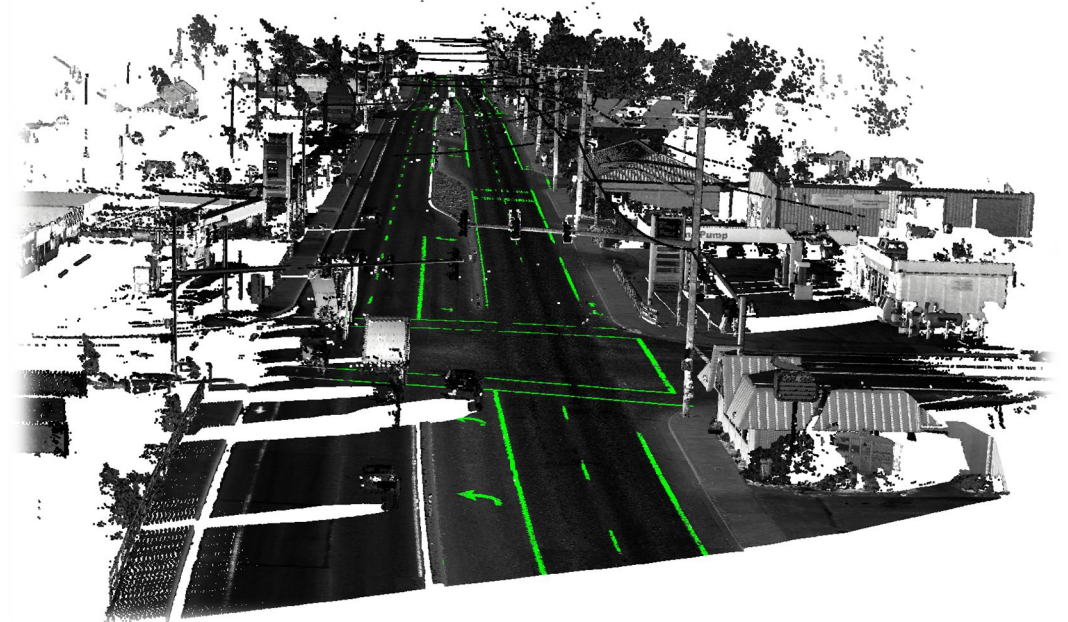
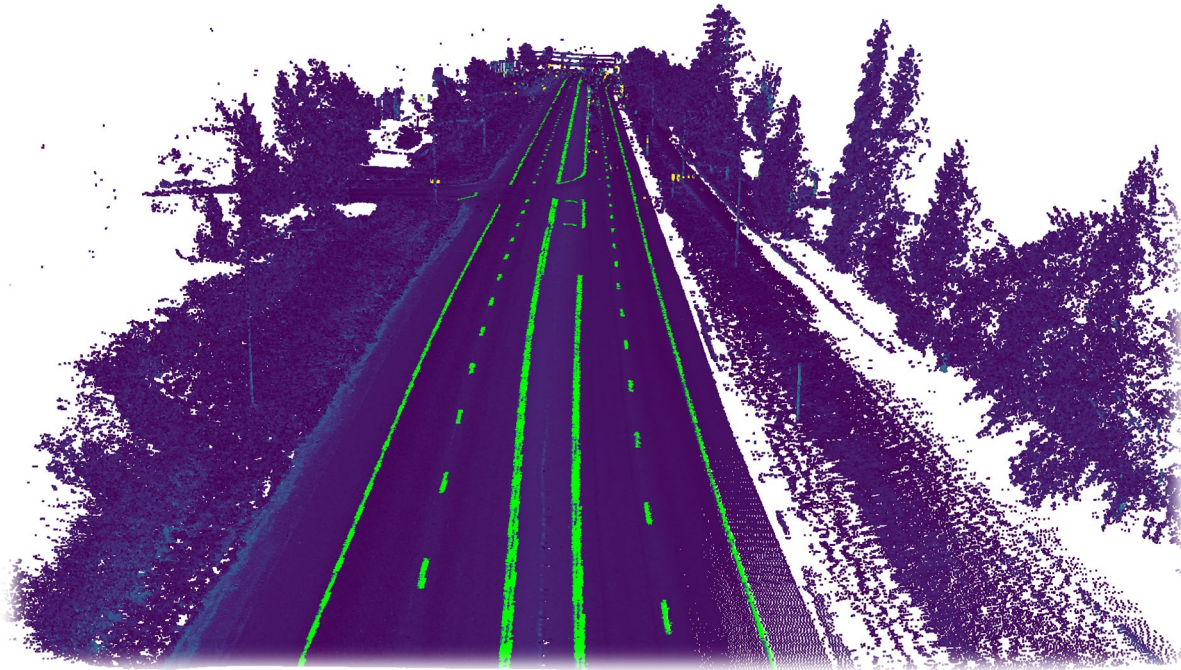
ROME

Updated 2024-03-04 for version 3.7
Developed by Jaehoon Jung, PhD
jhjung1216@gmail.com
This version will expire on 2024-12-31

IMPORTANT NOTICE

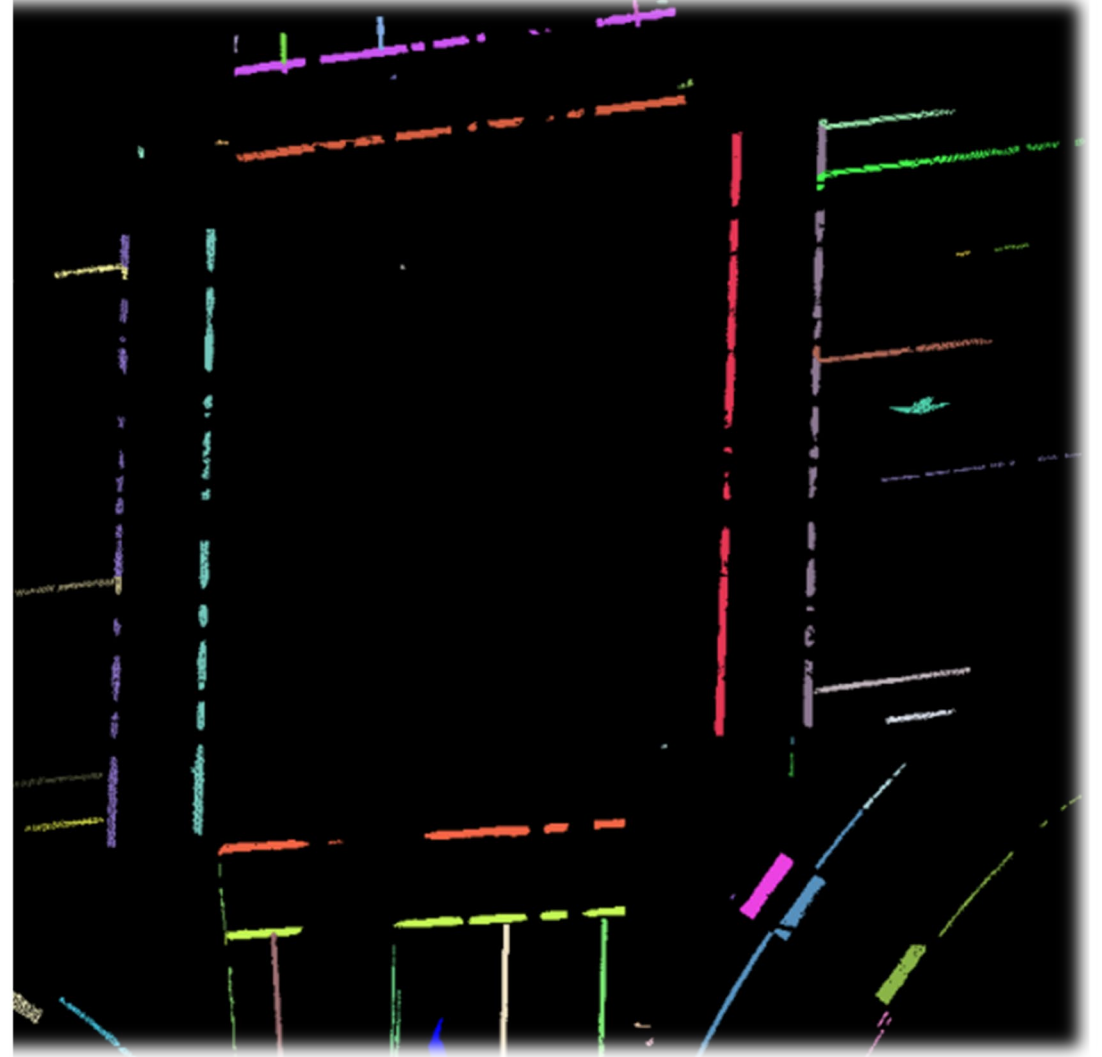
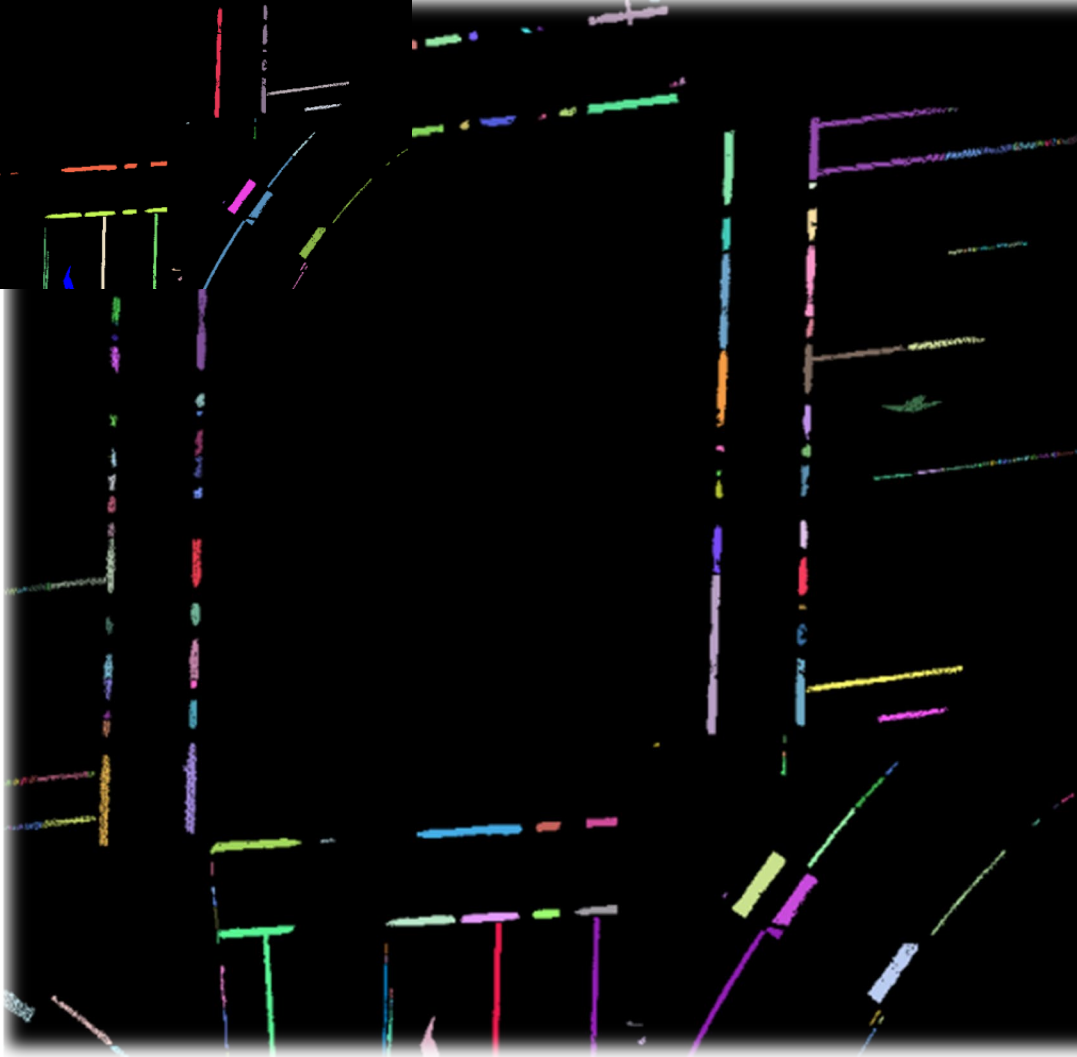
This pertains exclusively to software intended for internal operations at the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT). Unauthorized use, duplication, or distribution of this software outside the confines of ODOT is strictly prohibited and may be subject to legal action.

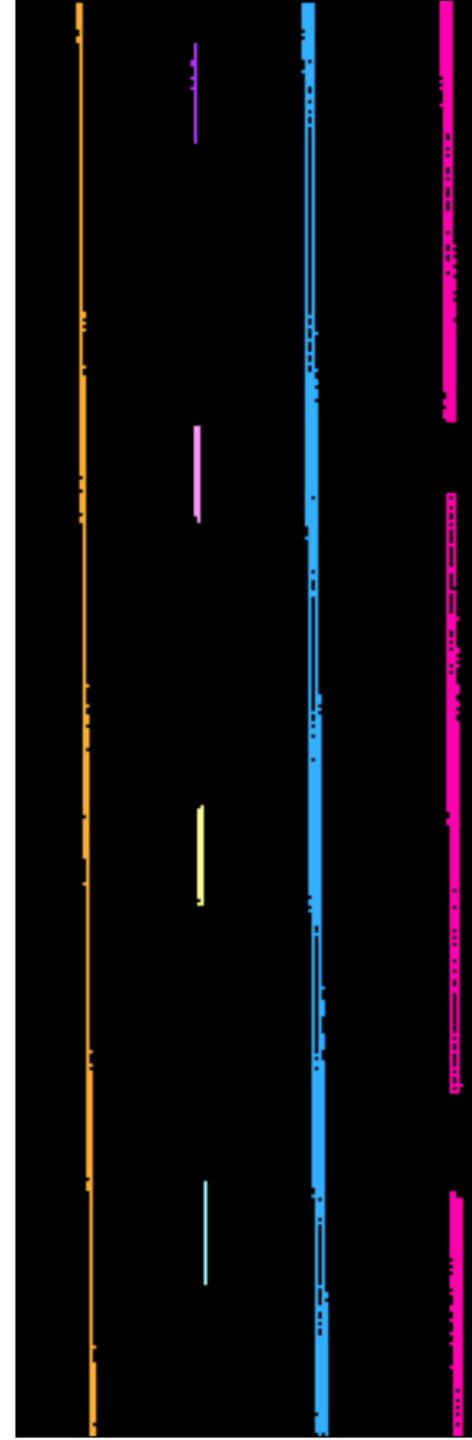
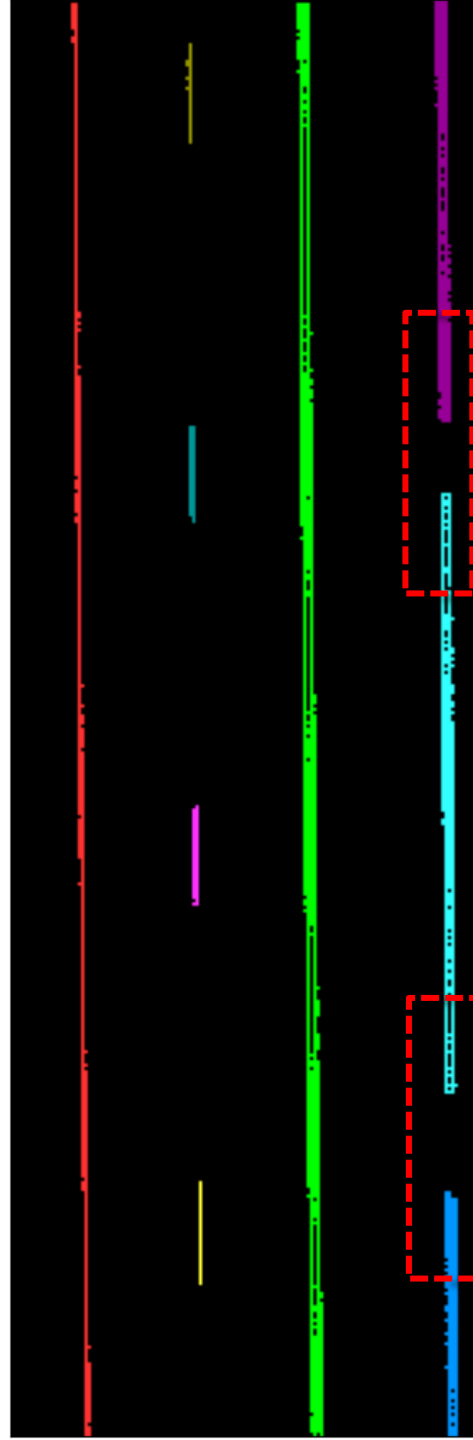
Road Marking Extraction



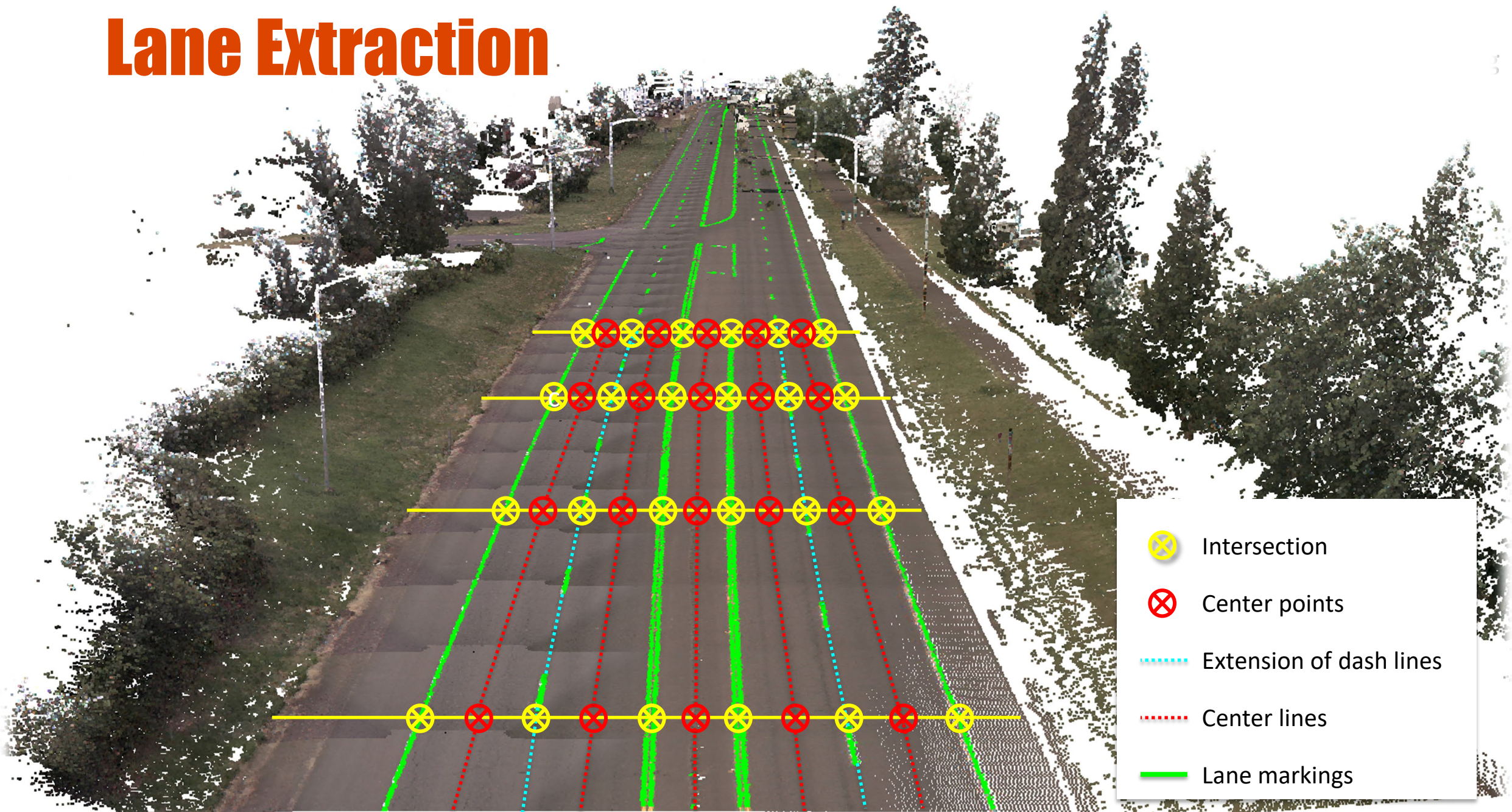
- 2023 AASHTO Sweet 16 High Value Research Award
- High ROI: One project using RoME to estimate striping costs saved more \$\$ than research cost.






ing



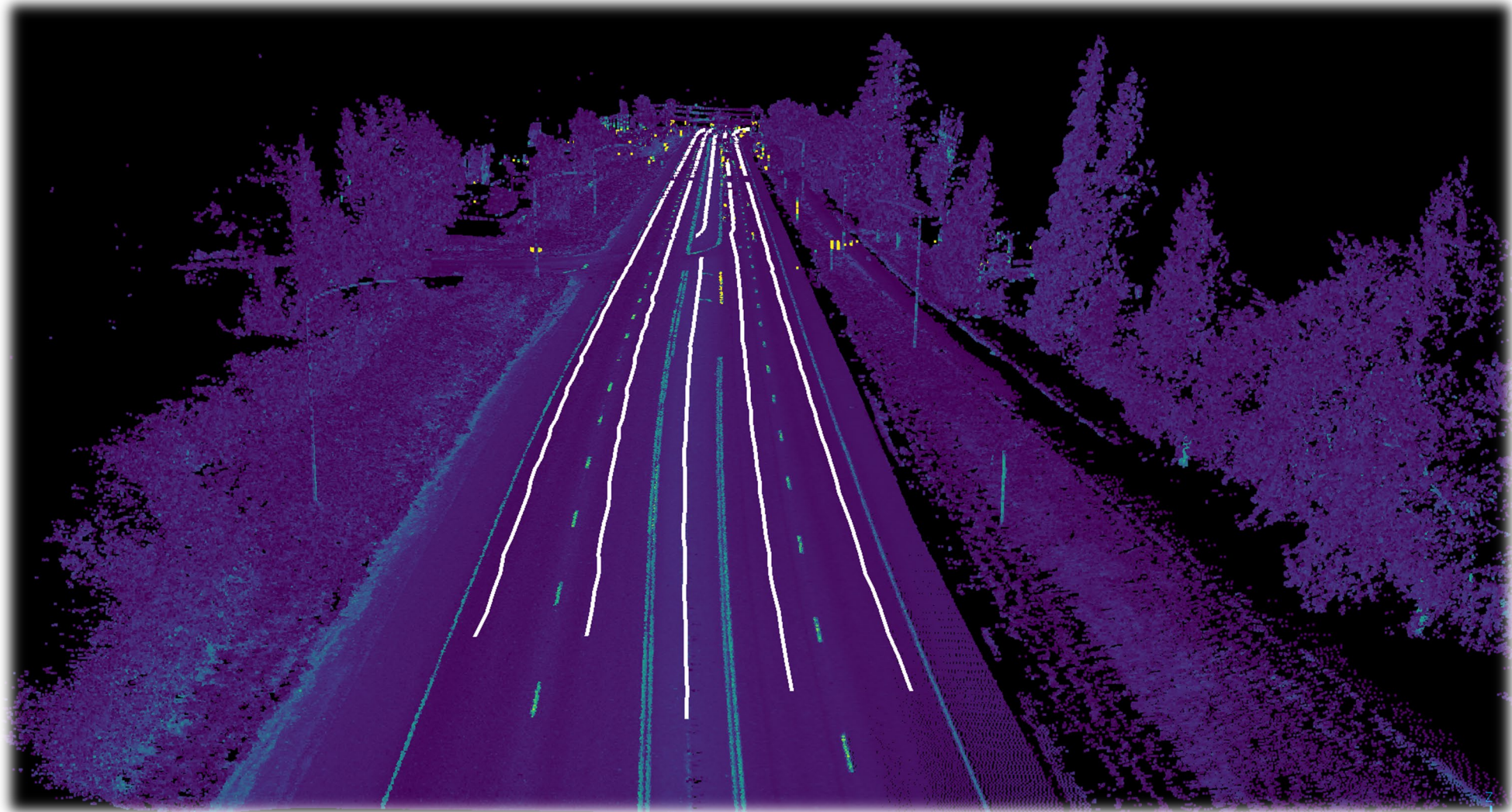


Lane Extraction

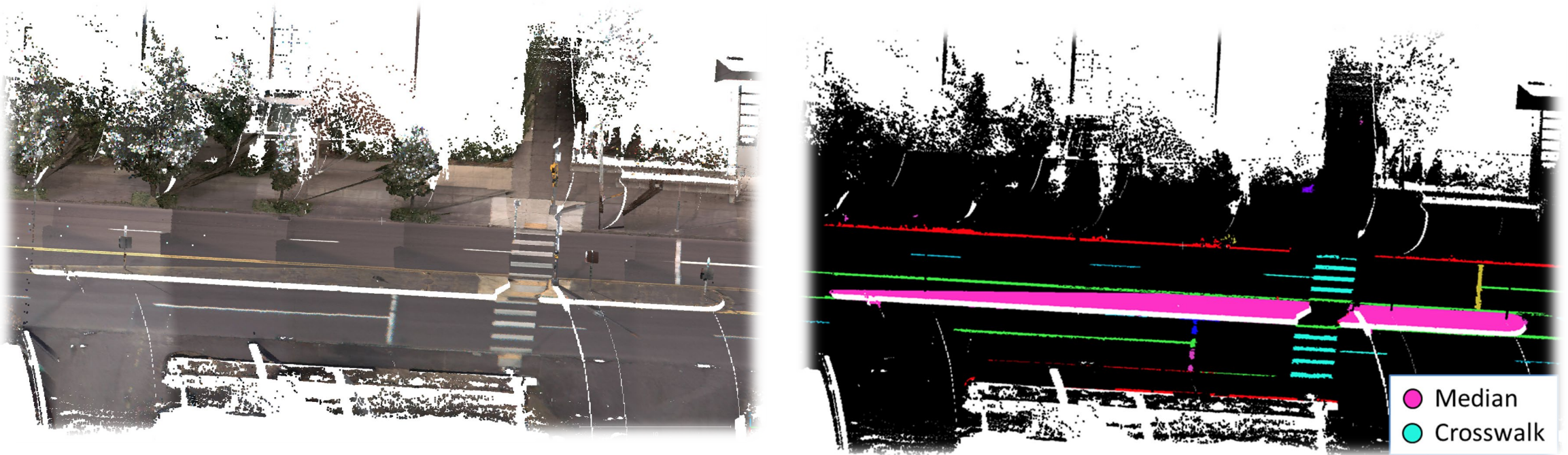


-  Intersection
-  Center points
-  Extension of dash lines
-  Center lines
-  Lane markings

Lane Extraction



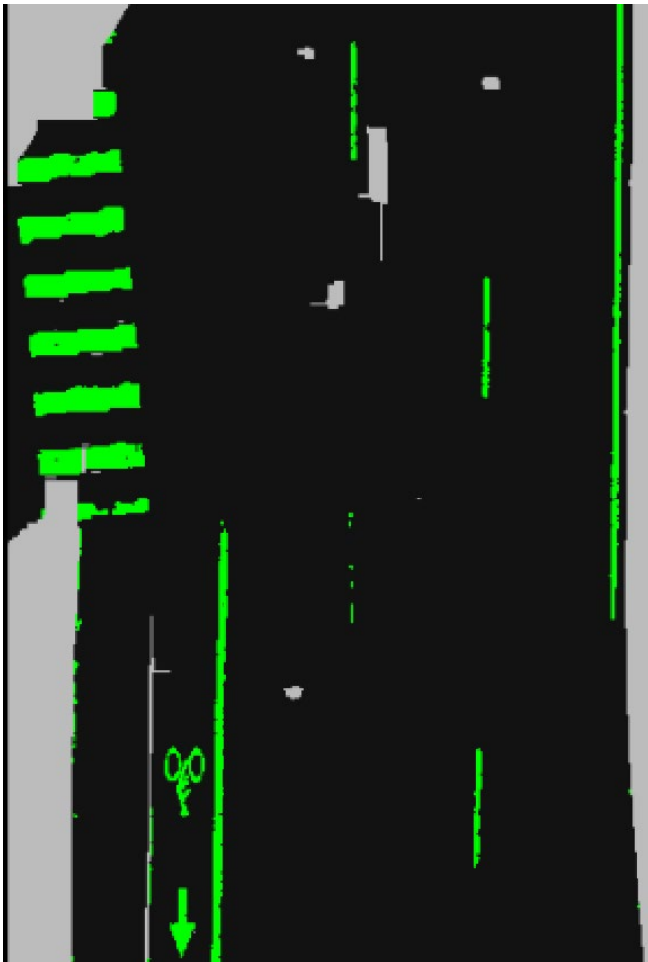
Staggered Continental Crosswalk Median



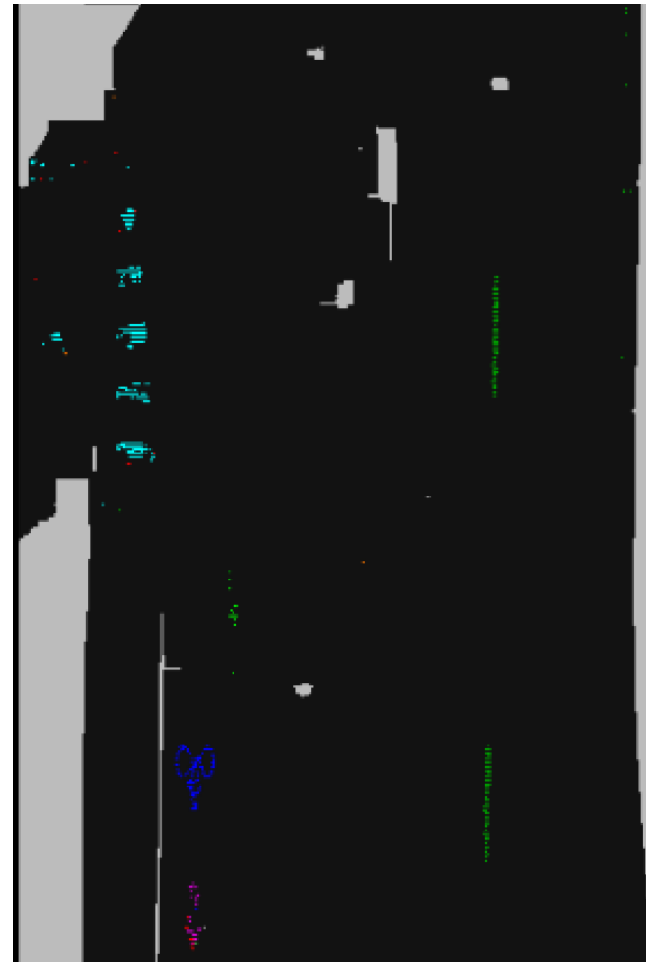
- Medians
 - Often removed in ground filtering. Algorithm uses those gaps to help identify.
 - Rules: $\text{Length} > \text{Width}$, $\text{Elev-Median} > \text{Elev-Roadway}$
- Staggered continental
 - Found by Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) with a modified VGG6 architecture
 - Geometric rules , clustering, and least squares fitting for worn markings

Feature extraction

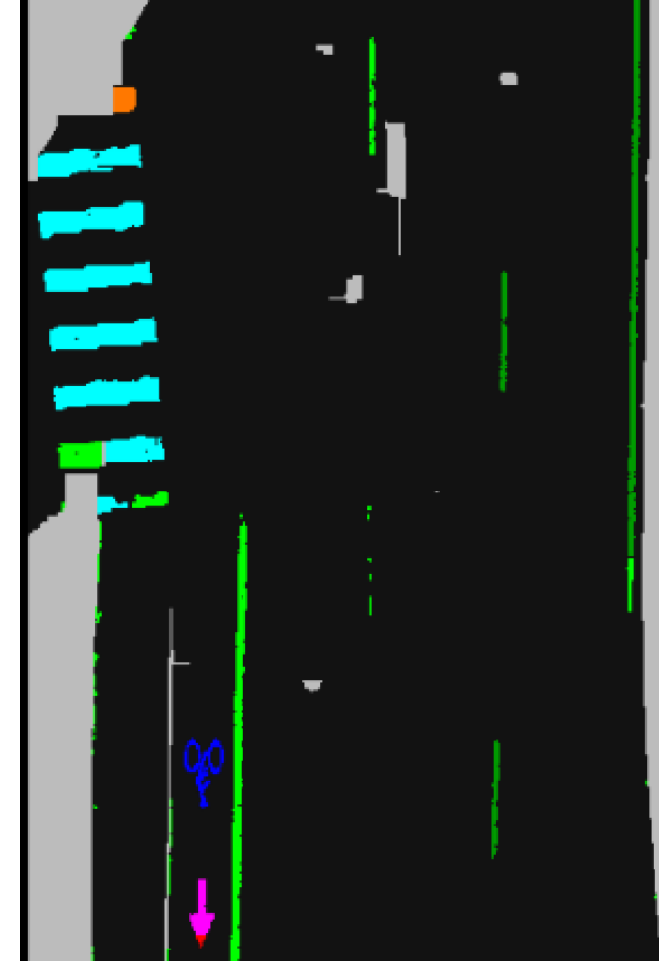
- Staggered continental & bike symbol



Rome extraction



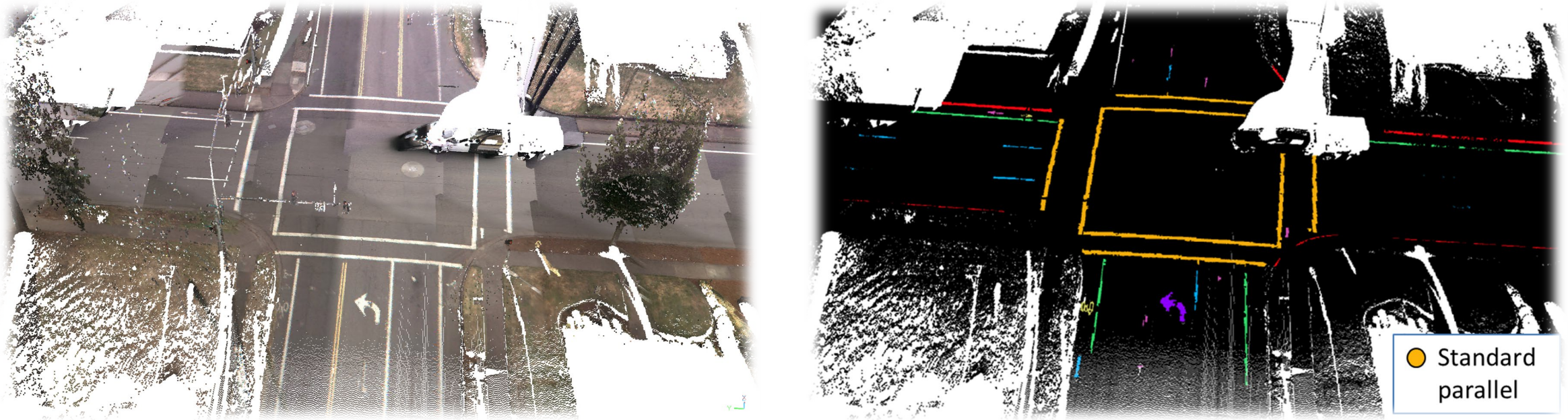
Pixel-based
classification



Object based
classification



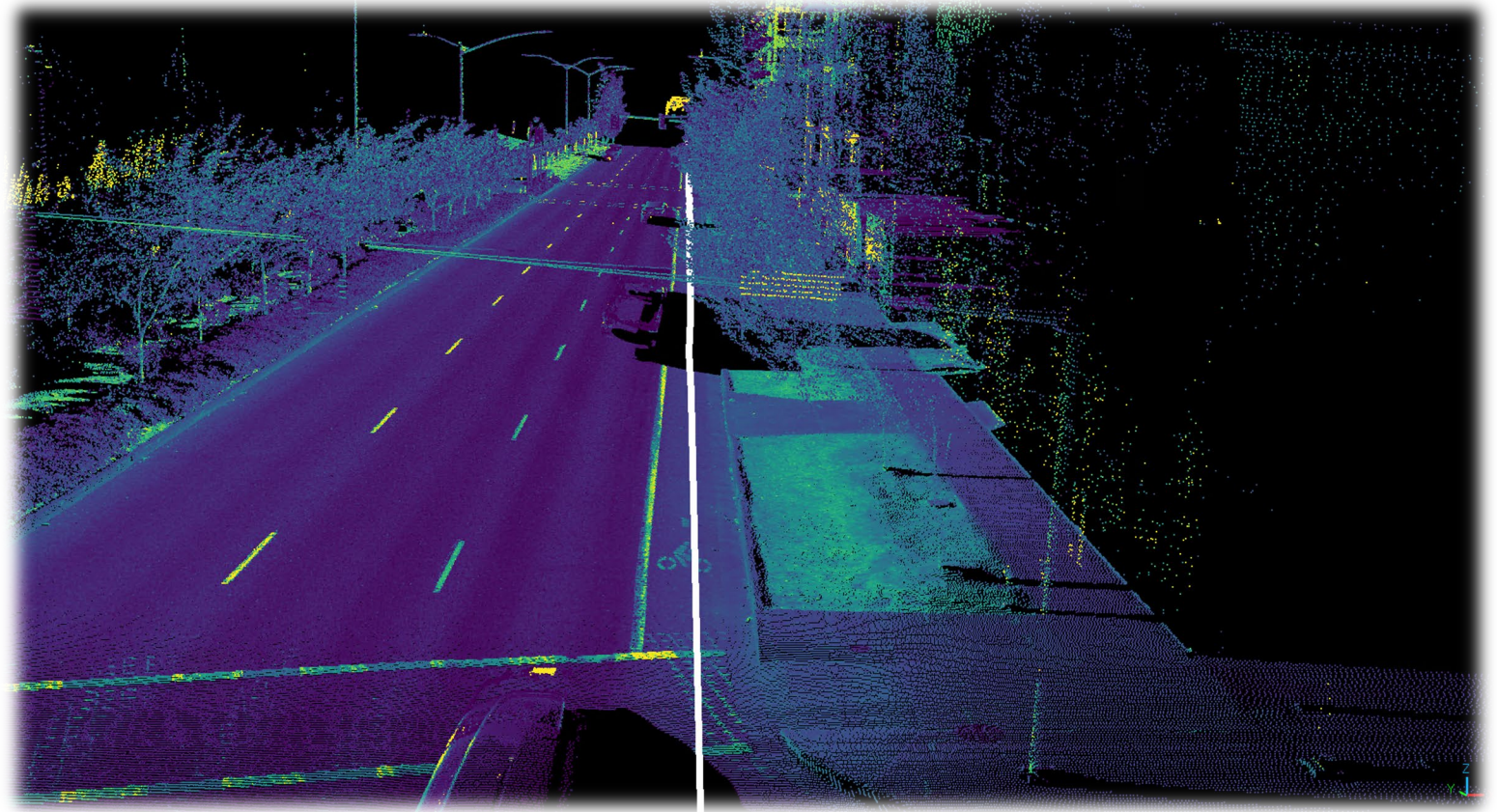
Standard Parallel Crosswalk



- Stop lines identified by intersection with vehicle trajectory data.
- Then evaluation longitudinal stop lines parallel to trajectory.

Bikelanes

- Modified VGG6 deep learning model
- Lane with bike symbol
- Adjacent to curb



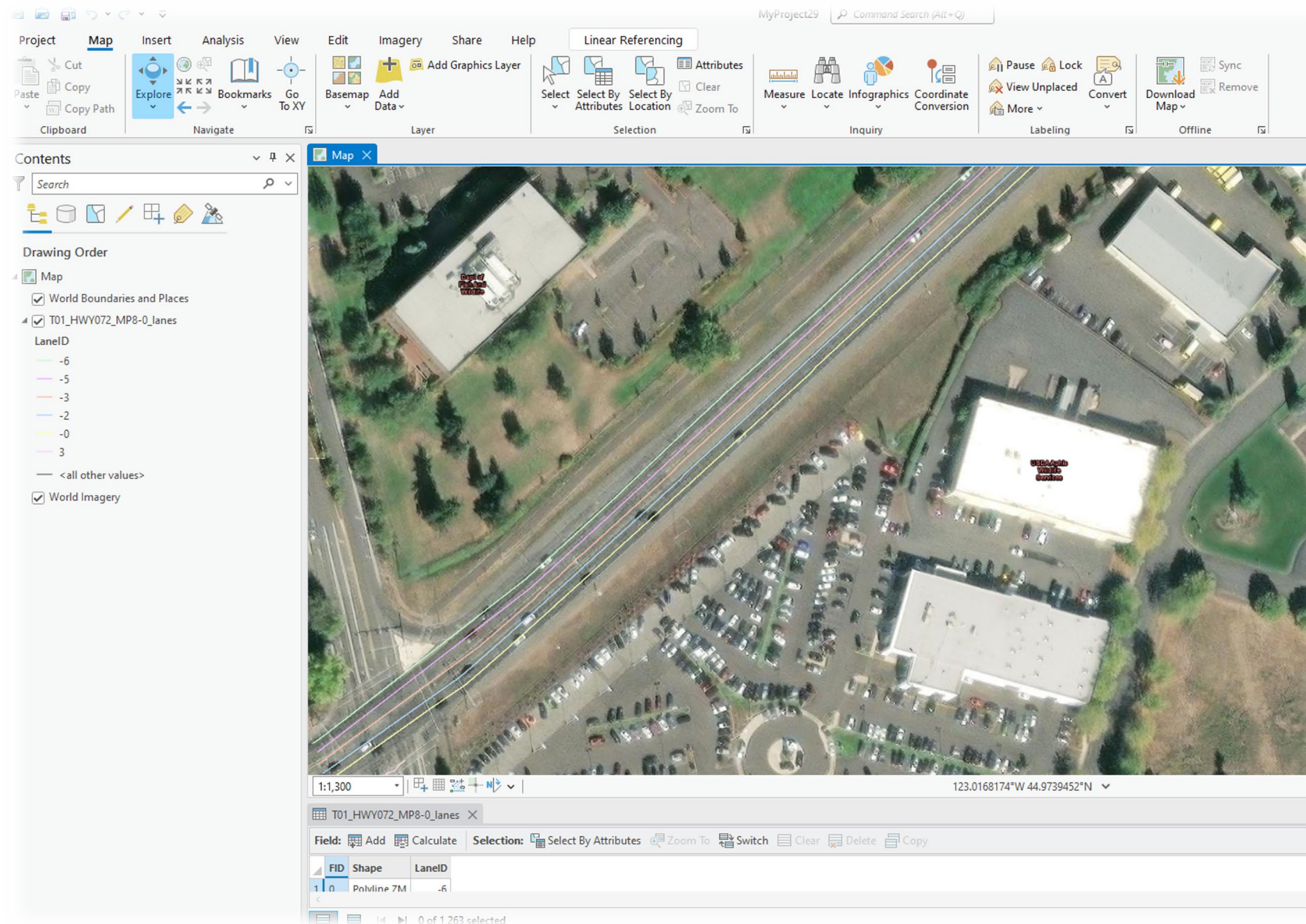
GIS

Drawing Order

- Map
- World Boundaries and Places
- T06_HWY091_MP0-20_SB_bikelanes
- T06_HWY091_MP0-20_SB_features
 - StripeType
 - crosswalk continental
 - crosswalk standard parallel
 - dotted line
 - lane white dash
 - lane white solid
 - median raised
 - <all other values>
- World Imagery



Incorporation into GIS



The screenshot displays the ArcGIS Desktop interface. The top ribbon includes tabs for Project, Map, Insert, Analysis, View, Edit, Imagery, Share, and Help. The 'Map' tab is active, showing various navigation and editing tools. The 'Contents' pane on the left shows the 'Drawing Order' with 'World Imagery' checked and 'T01_HWY072_MP8-0_lanes' selected. The main map area shows an aerial view of a road network with colored lines representing different lane types. The status bar at the bottom shows the scale (1:1,300), coordinates (123.0168174°W 44.9739452°N), and a table of data for the selected layer.

FID	Shape	LaneID
1	Polylines 7M	-6

0 of 1,263 selected

Conclusions

- New approaches to extract:
 - Curb
 - Crosswalks
 - Bikelanes
 - Medians
- Less manual effort in extraction
- Helps ensure completeness
- High ROI has been demonstrated for RoME
- Stay tuned for SPR866
 - Road lanes
 - Road characteristics (e.g., grade, curvature)





Questions?



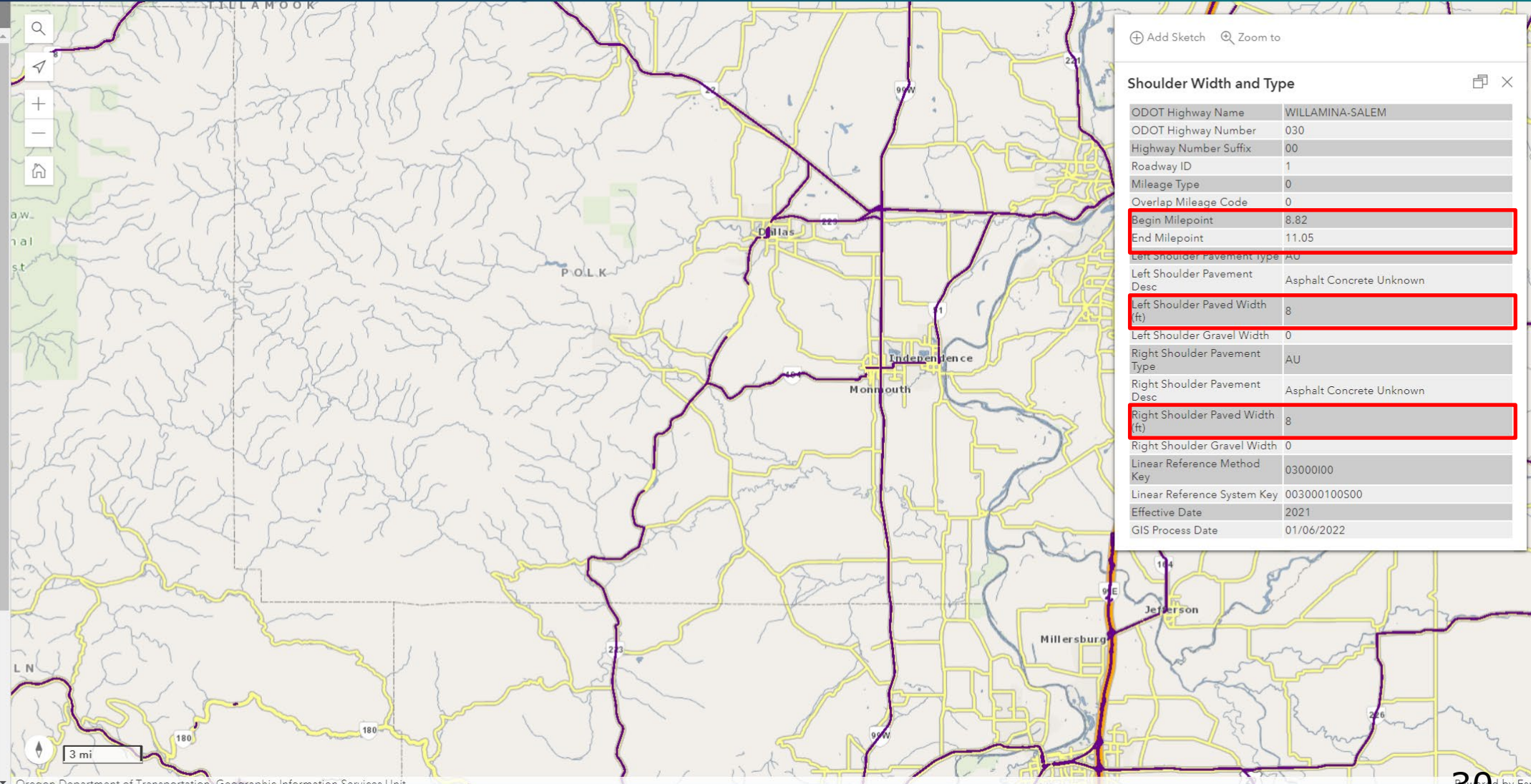
Questions?



TransGIS: Shoulder

Layers Basemaps Legend

- ODOT Streets
- ODOT Aerial Hybrid
- Aerial Imagery
- ODOT Terrain Hybrid
- ODOT Terrain
- Light Gray Canvas
- Dark Gray Canvas
- Streets
- World Street Map (Night)
- World Navigation Map
- Topographic



TransGIS: Marked crosswalk (no ADA ramps)



Layers Basemaps Legend

- ODOT Streets
- ODOT Aerial Hybrid
- Aerial Imagery**
- ODOT Terrain Hybrid
- ODOT Terrain
- Light Gray Canvas
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- Streets
- World Street Map (Night)
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- Topographic



⊕ Add Sketch 🔍 Zoom to

Marked Crosswalks (no connecting ADA ramps)

ODOT District	3
Linear Reference Method Key	14000100
Milepoint	27.94
Latitude	45.21303
Longitude	-122.975235
Mid Block Crosswalk	Y
Crossing Corner 1	1
Crossing Corner 2	4
High Visibility Marking	Y
Installation Approval	S
Last Update Year	2021
Inspector Name	ERIC LEAMING
Inspector Crew	7615
Inspector Agency	ODOT
Effective Date	2021
GIS Process Date	12/16/2021

TransGIS: Marked crosswalk (ADA ramps)



Layers Basemaps Legend

Active Layers

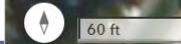
Marked Crosswalks
(connecting ADA ramps)



⊕ Add Sketch 🔍 Zoom to

Marked Crosswalks (connecting ADA ramps)  

ODOT District	2B
Linear Reference Method Key	09100100
Milepoint	9.91
Latitude	45.424073
Longitude	-122.782054
Mid Block Crosswalk	N
Crossing Corner 1	1
Crossing Corner 2	4
High Visibility Marking	N
Installation Approval	NN
Last Update Year	2021
Inspector Name	ERIC LEAMING
Inspector Crew	7615
Inspector Agency	ODOT
Effective Date	2021
GIS Process Date	12/16/2021



TransGIS: Bicycle facilities (BL: Bikelane, SH: Shoulder, SL: Shared lanes)

Layers Basemaps Legend

Active Layers

- Bicycle Facilities



⊕ Add Sketch 🔍 Zoom to

Bicycle Facilities

Linear Reference Method Key	14000100
Linear Reference System Key	014000100S00
Bicycle Facility Type	SL
Begin Milepoint	19.77
End Milepoint	20.14
Side of Road	R
Bicycle Facility Needed	Y
Width (ft)	null
Physical Condition	F
Notes	null
Inspection Year	2021
Effective Date	2021
GIS Process Date	12/27/2021

TransGIS: Traffic Barriers (Cable, Concrete, Guardrail)

Layers Basemaps Legend

Active Layers

- Traffic Barriers



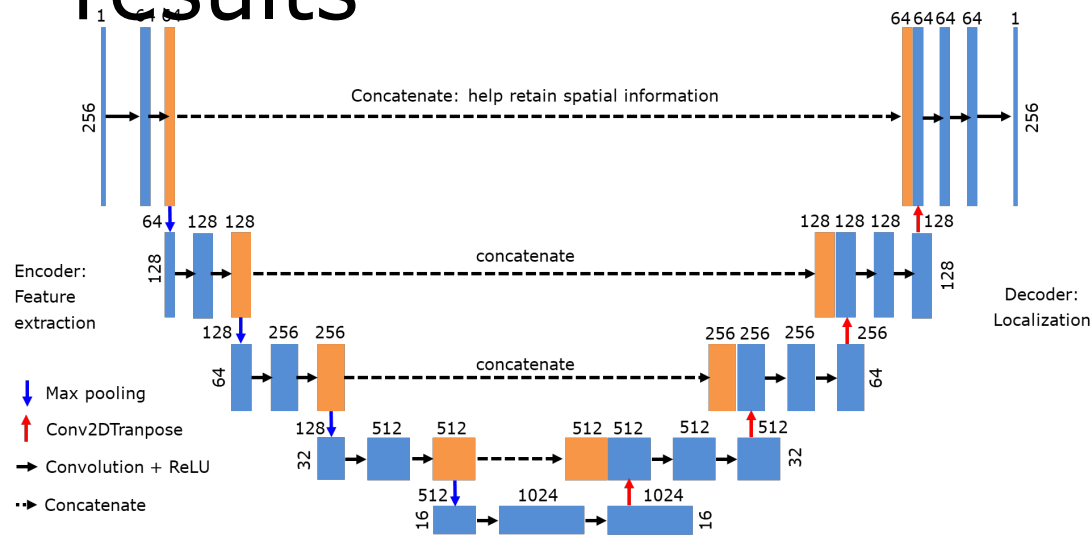
⊕ Add Sketch 🔍 Zoom to

Traffic Barriers

ODOT Highway Name	PACIFIC
ODOT Highway Number	001
Highway Number Suffix	00
Roadway ID	2
Mileage Type	0
Overlap Mileage Code	0
Begin Milepoint	260.24
End Milepoint	261.86
Barrier Description	3-STRAND
Barrier Side of Road	L
Begin Terminal Type	CBT
Begin Terminal Height	O
Begin Terminal Condition	G
Shared Begin Terminal	N
Barrier Type	CBLE
Barrier Height	O
Barrier Condition	G
End Terminal Type	CBT
End Terminal Height	O
End Terminal Condition	G
Shared End Terminal	N
Conc Barrier Construction Type	null
Conc Barrier Connection Type	null
Rail Post Spacing	null
Rail Post Type	null
Block Out	null
Block Out Year	2010

Methods

- Deep learning + rule-based approach
- Object-based classification based on the clustering results



U-net deep learning architecture for semantic classification

